

SIRENS TO WARN NEW YORK OF R-34'S DEPARTURE

large force of policemen. Thousands with tickets were left at the Battery. Secretary Tumulty, learning late this morning that Major Scott, commander of the British trans-Atlantic dirigible R-34, and Major Hugh Fuller were to lunch at the Ritz-Carlton at 1 o'clock, sent them an invitation to meet the President at Carnegie Hall and deliver to him there a letter entrusted to them in England by King George.

The President, it was said, would not be taken off the Washington nor would anybody in the welcoming party be transferred to that ship. Capt. Bill McLaughlin, the pilot, was to be the only man taken aboard the Presidential boat. McLaughlin went out last night on the pilot boat.

The first person to welcome the President home was Vice President Marshall. Before the Pennsylvania left Quarantine the Vice President was talking to the President by wireless.

After the George Washington docks at 12th & Hoboken, 1600 school children will take part in a demonstration of welcome. Gov. Smith, Mayor Hylan and 200 members of the Citizens' Committee of Welcome will attend the evening of state and city when the President's party reaches the foot of West 23d Street.

AUTO-PARADE TO CARNEGIE HALL.
The President will head an automobile parade up Fifth Avenue to Carnegie Hall, where in response to addresses of welcome he will deliver an extemporaneous speech in which the peace treaty will not be discussed.

A radio dispatch from the ship says that the President's message, which he will deliver in presenting the treaty of peace to the Senate in open session at 12:15 to-morrow, is complete, contains about 8,000 words, and will be read in twenty minutes.

The meeting at Carnegie Hall is scheduled to begin at 1:30 o'clock and to last about one hour. Immediately afterward the President's party will motor to the Pennsylvania Station with an escort of motorcycle police and board a special train waiting to take them to Washington.

It was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Executive Committee, of which Rodman Wanamaker is chairman, not to have any systematic plan of decoration for Fifth Avenue. Owners and occupants of property on the Avenue from 12d Street to 57th Street, however, are urged to make a liberal display of American flags. A committee of women, including Mrs. Willard D. Wright, Mrs. Schuyler Warren, Mrs. George Kern and Mrs. B. S. Apperson, took charge of the decorations for Carnegie Hall.

Decorations for seats for the Carnegie Hall meeting, given in honor of the Citizens' Committee headquarters in the Hall of Records yesterday, far exceeding the capacity of the auditorium. As each member of the Welcome Committee received two tickets, the supply for general distribution was limited and many disappointed persons were turned away.

The line of parade will be east on 5th Street to Fifth Avenue, to 57th Street, turning west to Carnegie Hall. Mayor Hylan will be chairman of the Carnegie Hall meeting and, after a brief address of welcome, will introduce Gov. Smith, who will welcome the President on behalf of the State. The President will then respond. No other speeches will be made.

GREETING ON JERSEY SIDE.
FEATURE OF DAY.

The Hoboken greeting, arranged by Mayor Griffin, in co-operation with Secretary Tumulty, will be the official of the Port of Embarkation, promises to be one of the most colorful incidents of the President's arrival. City officials, Mayor Griffin, and the latter accepted, the aid of 600 Jersey City policemen in guarding the President. These will operate with the men of the Hoboken police force. In addition there will be motorcycle squads, Secret Service men and Port of Embarkation Guards, the last under command of Major H. C. Craig, Chief of the Military Police at Hoboken. Many of the plain clothes men, armed, will be stationed along the river, with down along the line of march.

With Mayor Griffin will be 100 prominent citizens of Hoboken and officials from nearby cities, including Mayor Hague, when the President steps down the gangplank of the George Washington.

Major Gen. Shanks, commanding the Port of Embarkation, ordered yesterday a large detail of soldiers to act as a guard of honor when the President, accompanied by his family, will disembark at the river. At the gates, members of the War Camp Community Service will sing greetings.

TOMBSTONES FROM CARBARN

Landmark of Cable Car Days is Passing.

One of the few remaining landmarks of the days when the cable cars took the place of horse cars is disappearing. The old Third Avenue power house at Bay and Street and the Bowers is being torn down to make room for a garage and left building.

The building, of four foot blocks of masonry, supported by heavy iron columns, was erected in 1892 at a cost of \$100,000. It has been used as an engine company stable and a movie theatre in recent years. The blocks of masonry are being sold to gravestone makers.

DISCREET SILENCE.
(From St. John's Church.)

"I don't hear you complaining about the high cost of living."
"No," answered a man with the market basket; "what's the use of going around reminding everybody that it is so, when it is charged extra for nothing you get."

AGREEMENT TO TRY KAISER IN LONDON BINDING ON THE U. S.

Ex-Monarch's Attendants Believe Extradition Is a Long Way Off.

AMSTERDAM, July 8 (Associated Press).—Former Emperor William and his wife are apparently unperturbed by the possibility that proceedings will be brought by the Netherlands for the extradition of the former Kaiser from Holland.

Members of the former monarch's suite have indicated in conversations with the correspondent that it was their opinion that any proceedings from Allied quarters would be postponed for many months without any certainty that the Netherlands government would consent to hand the former Kaiser over for trial.

They are almost unanimously convinced that they are here for a long sojourn and are making preparations accordingly.

PARIS, July 8.—The agreement reached by the allied council that the trial of former Emperor William would be held in London, as announced by Premier Lloyd George in the House of Commons last week was a tacit one, but from American sources it was learned that the agreement was regarded as binding.

What purports to be an authentic account of the incident in the allied council upon which Premier Lloyd George based his recent statement has become available from a usually reliable source. It is stated that at a meeting of the council last week the British premier said to his fellow conference something as follows:

"I suppose you have no objection to the trial of the Kaiser in London." The Premier looked about the circle, the account continues, and no one objected. Indeed, it is said, Premier Clemenceau gave his verbal approval.

This tacit agreement was never recorded in writing and Sir Maurice Hankey, the British Secretary, did not include it in his regular report of the proceedings in the Council. The assumption is, however, it was added, that Premier Lloyd George later had unofficial conversations on the subject with one or more members of the Council.

KING VICTOR ORDERS ALL FOOD PROFITEERS PUNISHED

Fixes Penalty at 10,000 Lire Fine or Three Months to Three Years in Prison.

LONDON, July 8.—King Victor Emmanuel of Italy has issued a decree that food profiteers will in future be fined 10,000 lire or sentenced to from three months to three years in prison and will in addition suffer confiscation of the goods, according to a Rome despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The despatch states that a general strike was declared in Naples Monday. After looting outlying stores in that city, a crowd attempted to reach the centre of the place, but was prevented by the police.

At Palermo, the police have arrested 400 former convicts, who are alleged to be responsible for many of the disorders on Sunday. There was nothing to indicate any further disturbances at Florence.

ARREST WOMAN TRYING TO START MEAT BOYCOTT

Police Reserves Called Out When Sadie Barrell Urges Others Not to Buy at Neighbor's Shop.

The high cost of meat caused Sadie Barrell to try to start a boycott this morning at the butcher shop of Paul Cohen, next door to her home, at No. 21 West Street, Brooklyn. Her exhortations to would-be customers led to her arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct and necessitated calling out the reserves from the 52d Street Police Station.

A large crowd gathered and there was much excitement when it was charged, she shouted that Cohen was profiting and was raising prices to the poor would suffer. She ignored the gathering not to buy from him. Magistrate Dale in the Exchange Plaza Court granted her for arraignment July 11.

Mrs. Floretta Whaley Cooke's Grandmother Dies.
Mrs. Kaiah Whaley, eighty-six years old, a life long resident of Hempstead, died at her home there to-day. She was the widow of James Whaley and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pettit. She leaves two granddaughters, Miss Lena Whaley and Mrs. Floretta Whaley Cooke.

Warship Seydlitz, Scuttled at Scapa Flow; German Officers and Sailors Near British Vessel



GERMAN OFFICERS AND MEN AFTER SCUTTLING THE GERMAN FLEET

WILSON WILL GIVE SENATORS CHANCE FOR TREATY QUIZ

Expected to Invite Foreign Relations Committee to White House.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Senate believes it is going to have a chance to question the President about the peace treaty and the League of Nations. This will not be during the session when he presents the compact, but at a White House gathering to which the Foreign Relations Committee will be invited.

In carrying out the idea that the President will adequately advise the Foreign Relations Committee on all matters connected with the treaty, Senator Hitchcock believes that soon after his address to the Senate on Thursday he will invite the membership of the committee to the White House, where he may be interrogated on all points not completely understood.

According to Mr. Hitchcock, who will defend the treaty and the League on the floor, the President will make every effort to render plain everything that seems obscure or which has been misunderstood. The White House dinner at which the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate and the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House first questioned at the President was not particularly fruitful in the direction of reconciling the opponents of the covenant, but the projected party will, at least, give the President the opportunity to clear the decks and deprive the objectors of the argument that they are being kept in the dark and must interpret the documents according to their fears.

Many Senators to-day expressed the belief that Secretary Lansing is returning to this country earlier than expected in order that he may appear before the Foreign Relations Committee and give personal information regarding the Peace Conference negotiations. Senator Hitchcock does not think Mr. Lansing is coming for this special purpose, but admits that later he may be available for use by the committee.

It is contended by some Senators that Secretary Lansing, who is Gen. Bliss likewise may be brought before the committee, but there has been no announced intention of following this course. Much interest has been manifested heretofore in reports that Secretary Lansing, with Gen. Bliss and Mr. White, signed a preliminary agreement at Spa, Belgium, on the subject of the League of Nations. A general desire has been expressed to obtain more enlightenment regarding the difference of sentiment in the American delegation. This feeling would make the presence of Lansing, White, Bliss or House before the committee especially interesting.

A request for information by the Foreign Relations Committee doubtless would be addressed to the State Department. The President then would take the matter up, according to the viewpoint of Senator Hitchcock, and either supply the data himself or designate some one else to do so.

It was authoritatively said this morning that no programme of proceedings will be arranged until after the President has addressed the Senate on Thursday. It is not known whether the President brings the treaty with him. If he does he might send it to the Senate to-morrow and have it before that body when he speaks.

No definite plans have been perfected by opponents of the league for covering the President's itinerary if he tours the country in behalf of the covenant. A number of Senators have indicated their willingness to make speeches, but no programme has been outlined. Senator Johnson of California now is delivering a series of addresses in New England. The fight will be continued by Senator Lorah to make the League a party issue.

"The League of Nations already is being treated as a party question," he said to-day. "Predictions are made that it will be one of the live issues in the 1920 campaign. Chairman Cummings of the Democratic National Committee is telling the people in the West that the Democratic Party is a unit for the League of Nations. He has made it a party question and the Republicans must accept the issue."

STEAMSHIP SINKS SCHOONER.
Magnuskoek Arrives With Crew of the Edmund F. Black.

The American steamship Magnuskoek, which arrived to-day from Rotterdam, reported sinking in a collision with the fishing schooner Edmund F. Black, of Portland, Me., off the Georgian Fishing Banks, in a fog last Sunday night.

The schooner's crew of eight men were rescued and brought here.

COUNCIL OF FIVE TRYING TO SETTLE ADRIATIC PROBLEM

Italian Foreign Minister Anxious to Avoid Friction With the French.

PARIS, July 8.—A commission composed of four generals, representing France, Italy, England and the United States, has been appointed to investigate the recent incidents at Fiume.

PARIS, July 8.—Tommaso Tittoni, the Italian Foreign Minister, and head of the Italian Delegation to the Peace Conference, is anxious to have the Adriatic problem settled as quickly as possible. Signor Tittoni, who has come to Rome for conferences with King Victor Emmanuel and the Cabinet on current diplomatic negotiations, made this known in a long conversation with one of the American Peace Commissioners before his departure.

The particular reason advanced by the Italian Peace Delegate was the increasing friction between French and Italian troops in Fiume and elsewhere along the Adriatic, further evidence of which has developed.

Signor Tittoni on leaving planned to be absent for three days, making a complete report on the work he had done from the time of his arrival. One of the latest conferences he had was with Secretary of State Lansing and Henry White of the American Delegation on Sunday morning.

A decision of the Council of Five to devote further time to consideration of Austrian territorial questions has resulted in the Austrian peace treaty being held up after the printers had set the type and handed over the proofs.

The boundaries question will be taken up to-day and it is stated that the treaty will not be ready for presentation before the end of the week at the earliest as there are many problems in this connection to be considered.

The Council has decided to inform the Austrian delegates that their Government would be admitted to the League of Nations as soon as it complies with the necessary conditions. This notification will be in reply to the Austrian note on the subject. The reply will be of a friendly character.

Decision was reached by the Council of Five to limit the commercial censorship in communications with Germany simultaneously with the lifting of the blockade. This decision will not affect the censorship on matters of a political nature.

ITALIAN-GERMAN ENTENTE, IS THREAT

The clear intimation was made to-day at the semi-official Italian Bureau of Information in this city that unless Italy gets what she is seeking from the Allied Powers she may form a new alliance with Germany and Austria. The statement included a picture of a Russia, reorganized by Germany, in possible alliance with Japan, as a group to which Italy might turn for commercial assistance.

Emphasis was laid on the deep hurt which Italy was said to feel because she was not included in the Anglo-Franco-American Alliance and which France is to be guarded from attack from Germany and on the difficulty which Italians have had in obtaining food and other supplies in the statement made at the bureau began by calling attention to an editorial printed Sunday in the London Post and Cable to the bureau, which stated that the "isolation of Italy constitutes a danger for her and her allies," and deplored the "current feeling that if the isolation of Italy is carried through it will mean Italy's rapprochement with the Central Empires."

The bureau statement said: "There is no possibility of Italy's making an alliance with the Central Empires unless forced to do so by being thrown overboard again as she was in 1858, when, principally through the action of France, she was compelled to seek new allies, resulting in the Triple Alliance. It is an axiom of European politics that no continental power can exist alone. Italy has got to have food, fuel, lumber, medical supplies and other economic necessities. If she is thrown overboard and if she does not get good food supplies she will have to find new friends and new allies."

The statement was made with the authority of Capt. Aisly, major general, a member of the bureau. It went on to predict that serious trouble would ensue in the Balkans within a few months, and in this connection said that dispatches had been intercepted showing that the Serbian Army had been instructed to provoke clashes with Italian troops doing police work in Adriatic areas.

This, it was said, was to enable Jugo-Slav propaganda agencies to spread reports that Italian soldiers were "butchered Jugo-Slavs."

The bureau emphasized that Italy was still insistent on receiving Fiume and made public quotations from the Wiesbaden of Vienna. The Cunard Line had prepared a contract with the new Jugo-Slav nation whereby through the facilities at Fiume it was to undertake the transport of foodstuffs to Jugo-Slavia from America. The paper said the contract would have been concluded had not Italy opposed it.

PLEADS FOR MRS. LUNDGREN
Counsel Says She Was Cleared of Poisoning Brother.

BOSTON, July 8.—Daniel J. Daley, counsel for Mrs. Rosalie M. (Rocks) Lundgren, who was acquitted last Thursday of the murder of Miss Florence W. Gay of Andover, has written to Gov. Hunton of New Jersey, opposing extradition of Mrs. Lundgren to answer charges of having killed her brother, Albert J. Wilkins of Bayonne, by poison.

Counsel will contend that all the evidence available in the Wilkins case was introduced at the trial at Lawrence, and that, in fact, if not technically, the jury acquitted the woman of both charges.

SECTION OF THE GREAT R-34 SHOWING THE IMMENSE SIZE OF TRANSATLANTIC DIRIGIBLE



THE GREAT SIZE OF THE DIRIGIBLE COMPARED WITH A MAINT STANDING ON TOP OF THE GAS ENVELOPE

CUTTING OFF GIRLS' HAIR CAUSES ATTACK ON SCHOOL

Crowd of 15,000, Mostly Women, Partly Wrecks Building in Aberdeen.

ABERDEEN, Scotland, June 2.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Parents of children attending an elementary school here have shown their resentment against the action of the authorities in cutting off the hair of girl pupils by an attack on the school.

A crowd of 15,000 men, women and children, women predominating, gathered near the school, it being understood that the doctor was about to apply the scissors to other pupils' hair. The school windows were wrecked and damage amounting to over \$1,000 was caused. Forty policemen were required to keep order later.

The principals of the school had maintained that the cutting of the hair was justified for reasons of health. The parents had contended that the school authorities should not have taken such action without their consent.

ENVOY MORRIS GOES TO REPORT ON KOLCHAK

Leaves Tokio and Will Be Joined on Trip to Omsk by Gen. Graves.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Roland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan, left Tokio to-day for Siberia to report to President Wilson on the situation. It is understood that full recognition of the Omsk Government will follow the report of Ambassador Morris, provided this is favorable.

Ambassador Morris will be met at Vladivostok by Gen. William S. Graves, commander of the American force in Siberia, who will accompany him to Omsk and will also make a report on conditions there and in the rest of Siberia.

It was due largely to the reports of Mr. Morris, it is said, that the recent partial recognition was accorded the Kolchak Government.

NOT FIT TO BE HEARD.

(From the Galveston News.)
Percy Noodles says that when he asked the capitalist's daughter what her father thought about the income tax she said she didn't know, as she always covered her ears when he began expressing his opinion of it.

PENNY A POUND PROFIT

CANDY

Extra Special for Wednesday, July 9th.

FACTORY CHOCOLATES—Here's another of those wonderful candy bargains which only LOFT can make possible. Many a time you have paid 50c for confections that did not begin to compare with those in either Quality or Variety. The better judge of candies you are, the more readily will you grasp the full significance of this opportunity. There are Fruit Flavored Creams, Fruit Jelly Centres, Nougats, Novelty Centres, Mints and many others. **EXTRA SPECIAL FOR WEDNESDAY, JULY 9th.**

A Big Money Saving Extra Special for Tuesday, July 8th.

MILK CHOCOLATE FAVORITES—Many of these sweets you will readily identify with those which you have bought before. This collection is composed of such delectable candies as—Milk Chocolate, Nougats, Fruit Flavored Creams, Fruit Jelly Centres, Mints and many others. **EXTRA SPECIAL TUESDAY, JULY 8th.**

Other Tuesday Value Attractions.

BUTTER PEANUT BRITTLE—There is hardly a LOFT Candy store where you don't find these big, crackling brittle, thickly studded with the choicest, fresh roasted Virginia Peanuts. A real money saving. **LOFT BRITTLE 34c**

OLD FASHION CLEAR CANDY—These are popular members of the family of Hard Candy Favorites. They are the crystalline goodness presented in the delectable variety of Fruit, Milk and Cream. **LOFT CANDY 19c**

For exact location and telephone directory, The specified watch includes the container.

PICHON SAYS FRANCE LED IN HELPING JEWS

Tells Group of Deputies That Their Republic Did Not Wait for Others to Aid Oppressed.

PARIS, July 8.—Special treaties and the League of Nations will protect minority peoples, especially Jews, in the countries of Eastern Europe, Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, pointed out in the reply he made to a communication from a group of Deputies. The Deputies, who represented various parties, had expressed to the Foreign Minister deep feeling over reports of pogroms, massacres, boycotts and persecution inflicted upon Jews in Eastern Europe.

"Information we have collected," the communication says, "shows there may have been some exaggeration, but it is certain that a foundation of cruel truth remains which the Poles do not hesitate to recognize."

"Realization of the whole world, notably those in America, suppose that France has forgotten her traditional role of defender of the oppressed, leaving their cause in the hands of other representatives at the Conference."

In replying, M. Pichon assured the Deputies that the French Government took the initiative on the beginning of the Conference to insure a thorough examination of Jewish questions by the peace delegates.

"The Society of Nations will provide permanent protection," M. Pichon concluded. "The French Government is ready to render homage to the role played by the great Allies in defense of oppressed minorities but cannot allow it to be said that any preceded it in this direction. It is its urgent hope that social and religious inequalities will disappear and will become a mere memory."

ASIATIC TURKS REVOLT.

Refuse to Obey Orders of Constantinople Government.

PARIS, July 8.—The formation of a separate Turkish Government in Asia Minor by Mustapha, Kamel Pasha and Enad Pasha is indicated as a possibility in dispatches received in Peace Conference circles to-day from Greek sources.

Kamel Pasha, who is reported to have 40,000 troops with 47 heavy guns and many machine guns, is said to have refused to comply with an order from the Government in Constantinople to return to the capital.

Enad Pasha is understood to be in Asia Minor in the territory controlled by Kamel Pasha, and, it is said, is in touch with Kamel, presumably in the hope of forming a coalition for a new government.

Argentina Is First to Ratify Covenant.
WASHINGTON, July 8.—Entrances of Argentina into the League of Nations without reservations has been unanimously approved by the Argentine Senate. The State Department was informed to-day. The State Department says the republic is the first nation to assent through its treaty ratifying body to the covenant.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK
Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

DIED.

ROELING, JOHN.
Services at the CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th st., on Wednesday, 10 A. M.

SCHMIDT, AUGUSTUS.
Services at the CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th st., on Tuesday, 8:30 P. M.

TAYLOR, JOHN.
Services at the CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th st., on Wednesday, 11:30 A. M.

LOST, FOUND AND REWARDS.

LOST—Small white pocket, on Camden st., (between 10th and 11th) containing \$10.00. Reward for return or information leading to recovery. Call 1000 N. 10th st., Camden, N. J. 1000 N. 10th st., Camden, N. J.